

SPEC Barometer, 2nd QTR 2018

First Media Release

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METHODOLOGY



Methodology

Dates of Fieldwork	25 TH July– 2 nd August, 2018
Sample Size	2,016 (Total Individual Contacts: 3, 484)
Sampling Methodology	Random, Multi-stage stratified using PPS (proportionate to population size) Spread across 46 counties
Population Universe	Kenyan adults, aged 18 and above living in Urban and Rural areas
Data Collection Methodology	Face-to-Face interviews at the household level
Sampling Error	+/-2.16% with a 95% confidence level (Note: Higher error-margins for sub-samples)
Interview Languages	English, Swahili, Somali

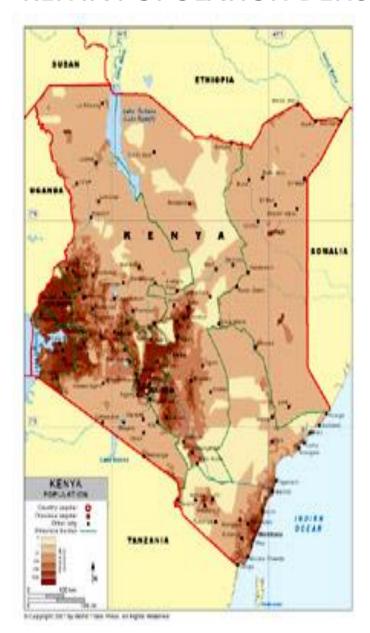


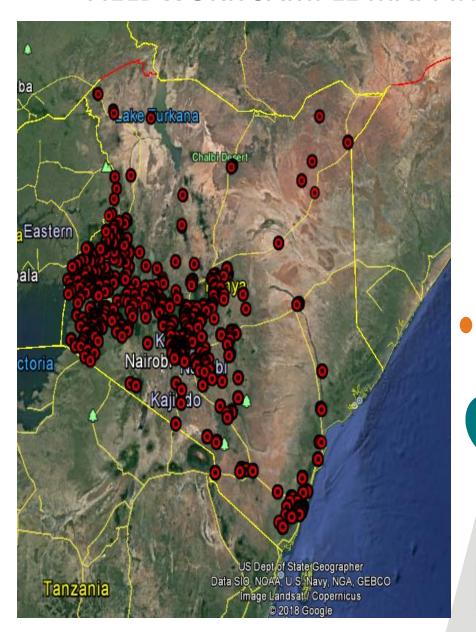
Sample Structure Statistics: Across 46 Counties

Region	Sample Frame statistics (July 2018)	%	Population Census of 2009	% Of
	*Weighted data	of Sample	Adults (18 years +)	Population
Central	268	13	2,548,038	13
Coast	174	9	1,711,549	9
Eastern	303	15	2,907,293	15
Nairobi	214	11	2,042,770	10
North Eastern	98	5	929,158	5
Nyanza	262	13	2,547,980	13
Rift Valley	496	25	4,795,482	25
Western	203	10	1,980,090	10

KENYA POPULATION DENSITY

FIELDWORK SAMPLE MAPPING





Quality Control Measures

IPSOS EMPLOYS QUALITY CONTROL MEASURES TO ENSURE THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE INTEGRITY OF OBTAINED RESULTS/DATA

- For at least 15% of the interviews, a supervisor is present throughout
- Field managers visit at least 15% of the respondents in the sample at their households to confirm the interviews (i.e. back-checking).
- After the interview data are electronically transmitted to the Ipsos server: an independent team then makes random phone calls to 20% of the respondents to confirm that the interviews were conducted with the said respondents (i.e., telephonic back-checks).
- Mobile data collection platform captures GPS location (latitudes and longitudes) of interviews conducted to verify the locations of the interviewers in the field alongside allowing silent recording.
- Logical data checks are made on selected questionnaire entries to ensure conformity with the flow of the questions answered by the respondents.
- Sample quotas were monitored to match the sample's statistical parameters.



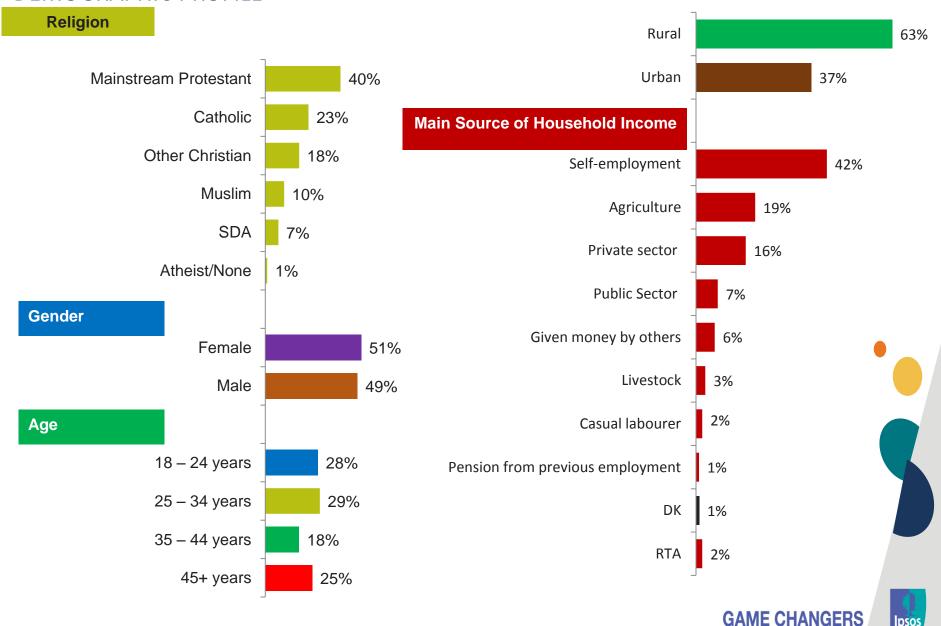


RESPONDENTS' DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

(**Weighted for:** Gender, Age, Region and Setting)

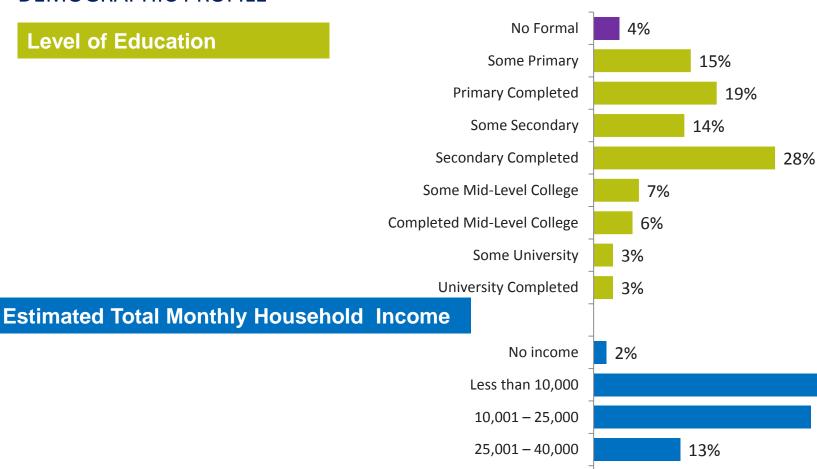






Setting

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE



40,001 - 55,000

55,001 - 75,000

Above 75,001

DK

RTA

4%

2%

1%

2%

3%



39%

34%

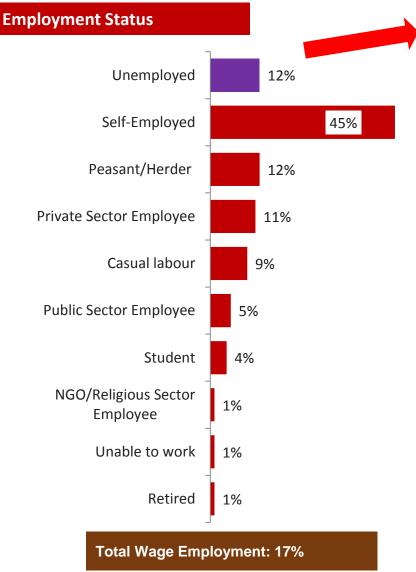
GAME CHANGERS

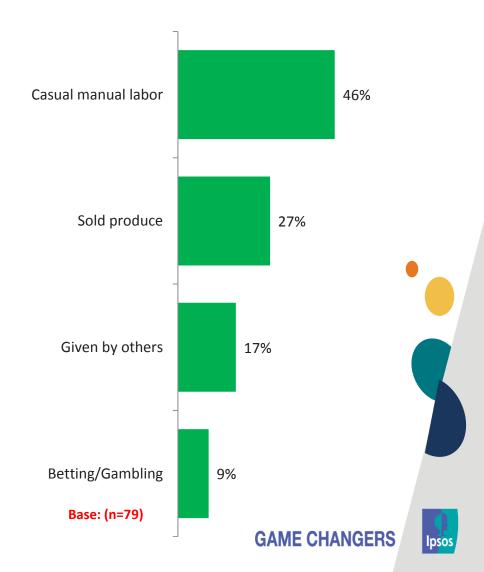
DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

Main Source of Self-Employment Employment Status Self-Employed 45% Agriculture produce marketing 25% Peasant/Herder 12% Foodstuffs kiosk 18% General goods kiosk 15% Unemployed 12% Formal private sector (business owners) 10% Private Sector Employee 11% Livestock marketing 6% Casual Labour 9% Transport (owner/driver) 6% **Public Sector Employee** 5% Electrical/mechanical repair/sales 5% Student 4% Builder 4% NGO/Religious Sector Employee 1% Boutique 2% Unable to work 1% Hairdressing 1% Other (16 Mentions) 5% Retired 1% NR 3% **Total Wage Employment: 17%**



Main Source of Money (of the 33% Who Report Having Earned Any)







Fieldwork for this survey was conducted between 25th July and 2nd August. During and after that time several developments occurred whose (full) impact may not be reflected in some of the results reported in this survey. Among (the many of) them are:

July:

- 30th: Confusion over fate of life-style audit of civil servants who were barred from working now that the 30 day period has expired and their cases have not been determined
- 31st: EACC demands Police be excluded from corruption investigations due to their own corruption

August:

 1st: Head of Civil Service Joseph Kinyua appeals ruling of Judge Byram Ongaya that the suspension of numerous civil service during the conduct of a life-style audit while continuing to pay them was illegal



- Aug. 2: Two parliamentary committees recommend prosecution of two CSs for sugar import scandal
- 3rd: Parliamentary sugar investigation Chair Kanini Kega denies accusations that his Committee's report was "doctored"
- 4th: Igembe North MP Maoka Maore suggests a strict tightening of bail terms to raise the cost of corruption
- Making explicit reference to various integrity surveys, EACC vice-chairperson Sophia Lepuchirit questions the capacity of the DCI/the Police to properly investigate corruption, given their own integrity-deficit
- 8th: CS Adan Mohamed and CS Henry Rotich as well as former Agriculture CS Willy Bett targeted in parliamentary censure motion over contraband sugar imports

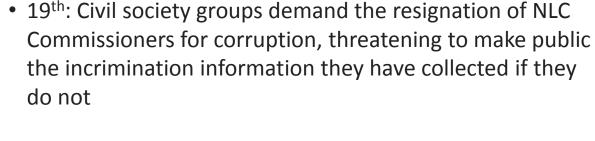


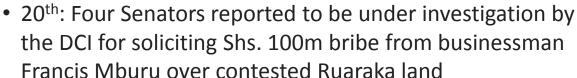
- 9th: Opposition MPs begin collecting signatures to impeach CS Rotich for illegal sugar imports
- 9th: Uhuru tells GK agencies to prosecute officials who have grabbed public land and allocated riparian land
- 10th: Kidero and Son arrested, charged in connection with selling adulterated petroleum products
- 10th: Claims that payment of bribes accounts for NA's failure to adopt Committee's report on illegal sugar imports
- 14^{th:} Dismas Barasa Kimilili MP accuses Wajir Women's Rep of offering the 10K bribes to reject the report
- 10th: Opposition Nairobi MCAs claim Governor Mike Sonko's anti-corruption efforts only "a PR stunt"



- 11th: DP Ruto promises to support DPP on graft cases
- 12tH: President Uhuru says his war on graft has cost him many friends; Raila calls for the recovery of stolen assets
- 13th: NLC Chair Muhammed Swazuri and others charged with SGR inflated land sales
- 13th: LSK criticizes EAAC corruption arrests as PR exercises
- 16th: EACC officials arrest Migori and Homa Bay county officers (with others still at large), charging them with various financial crimes since 2014
- 18th: Uhuru holds meeting with senior EACC officials at which he pledges his full support
- 19th: DP Ruto criticizes intention of parliament to impeach Treasury CS Henry Rotich







- 20th: 400 civil servants cleared following completion of life-style audits, a process which began on June 4
- 20th: KEBS and other investigators in Mombasa announce they have seized a million bags of toxic rice as well as substandard cooking oil from Malaysia
- 20th: Court of Appeal rejects effort by former Roads CS Michael Kamau to have fresh charges brought by the EACC quashed on procedural grounds

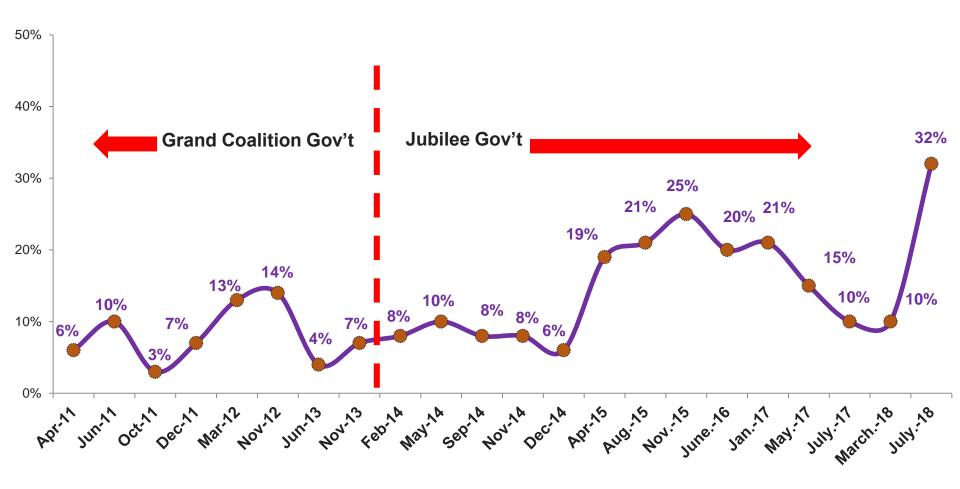




ANTICORRUPTION
EFFORTS AND
EXPECTED
OUTCOMES

"What would you say is the most serious problem facing Kenya today?"

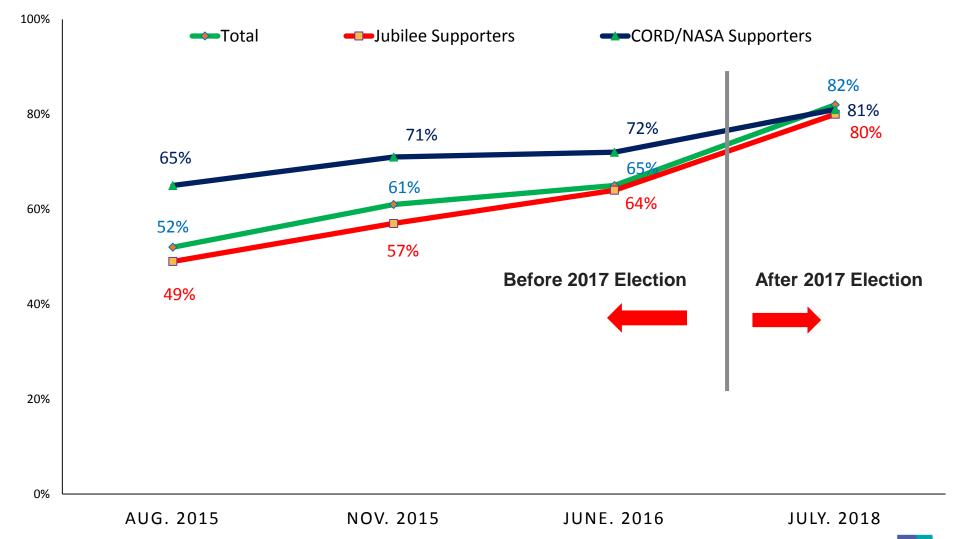
- Trend Analysis for Corruption: April 2011 - July 2018





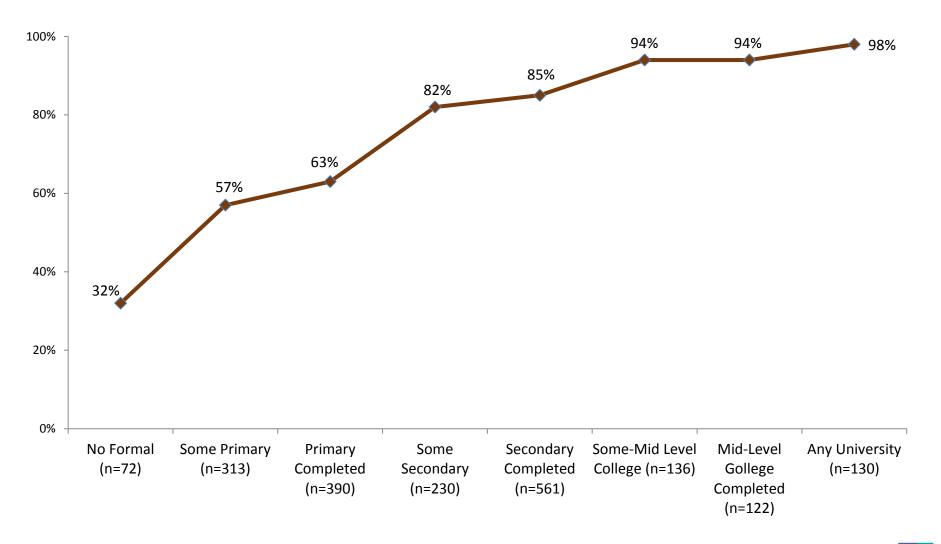
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Awareness of Any Corruption Scandals Under Jubilee: by Total, Supporters of the Main Political Parties/Coalitions





Awareness of Any Corruption Scandals Since Jubilee's Re-Election in 2017: by Level of Education





"Since the Jubilee government was re-elected last year, what major cases of corruption have you heard about?": by Total (Multiple Response, Unprompted)

Scandal	%	Scandal	%
NYS	66%	SGR Land Purchase	3%
Kenya Power	27%	Health Ministry	1%
Sugar Importation	18%	County Government	1%
Maize Importation	15%	IEBC	1%
NCPB/Maize Buying	12%	Mau Forest Land	1%
Ruaraka School Land	12%	Other (13 Mentions)	1%
Kenya Pipeline	6%	None/Can't Remember	23%
SGR Construction	5%	N/A	2%



Awareness of Particular Individuals Mentioned In Connection with Any Corruption Scandals Under Jubilee: by Total (Among the 42% Able to Mention Anyone Believed to Be Connected to Any Post-Election Corruption Scandal) (Multiple Response, Unprompted)

More Than 1% of All Mentions		Fewer Than 2% of All Mentions	
Anne Waiguru	58%	Raila Odinga	1%
William Ruto	19%	Sicily Kariuki	1%
Ben Chumo	13%	Mbuvi Gideon Kioko 'Sonko'	1%
Lilian Mbogo Omollo	7%	Alfred Keter	1%
Ann Ngirita and Family	4%	Dr Ken Tarus	1%
Sospeter Ojamong'	4%	Mwangi Kiunjuri	1%
Uhuru Kenyatta	3%	Kipchumba Murkomen	1%
Fred Matiang'i	3%	Kenyatta Family	1%
Richard Ndubai	2%	Josephine Kabura	1%
Aden Duale	2%	Other (87 Mentions)	3%
Charles Keter	2%	Can't Remember	5%
Evans Kidero	2%		
Muhammed Swazuri	2%		
Muhoho Kenyatta	2%		

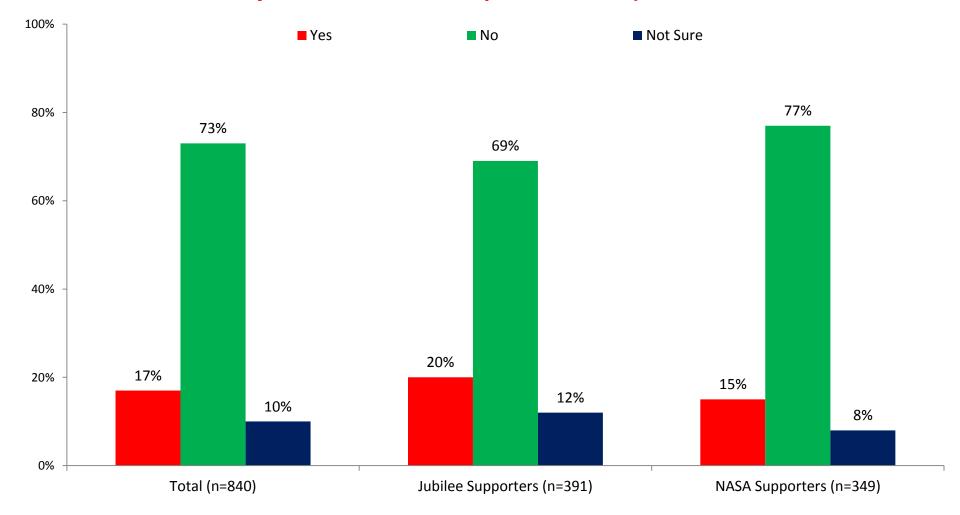


GAME CHANGERS

"Of all the current and past but still alive political leaders you can think of, which two do you think are or were the most corrupt?": by Total, Supporters of the Main Political Parties/Coalitions (Among Those Mentioned by At Least 1%)

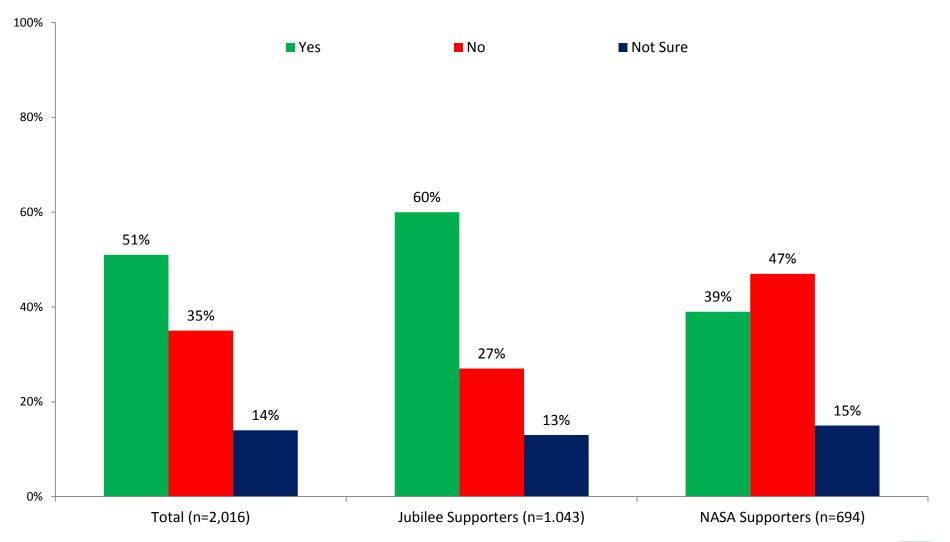
	Total	Jubilee Supporters	NASA Supporters	0/ D:ss
Leader	(n=2,016)	(n=1.043)	(n=694)	% Difference
William Ruto	33%	22%	52%	+30%
Anne Waiguru	31%	30%	36%	+6%
Daniel Moi	17%	18%	17%	-1%
Uhuru Kenyatta	11%	7%	17%	+10%
Mwai Kibaki	5%	5%	4%	-1%
Raila Odinga	5%	9%	2%	-7%
Evans Kidero	5%	6%	3%	-3%
Kalonzo Musyoka	1%	1%	0%	-1%
Mbuvi Sonko	1%	1%	1%	0%
Sospeter Ojamong'	1%	0%	1%	+1%
All politicians	1%	0%	1%	+1%
DK	14%	15%	9%	-6%
RTA	2%	3%	2%	-1%
None	10%	13%	4%	-9%

"Do you think it is likely that any of those involved in corruption will be convicted?": by Total, Supporters of the Main Political Parties/Coalitions (Among the 42% Able to Mention Anyone Believed to Be Connected to any Post-Election Corruption Scandal)



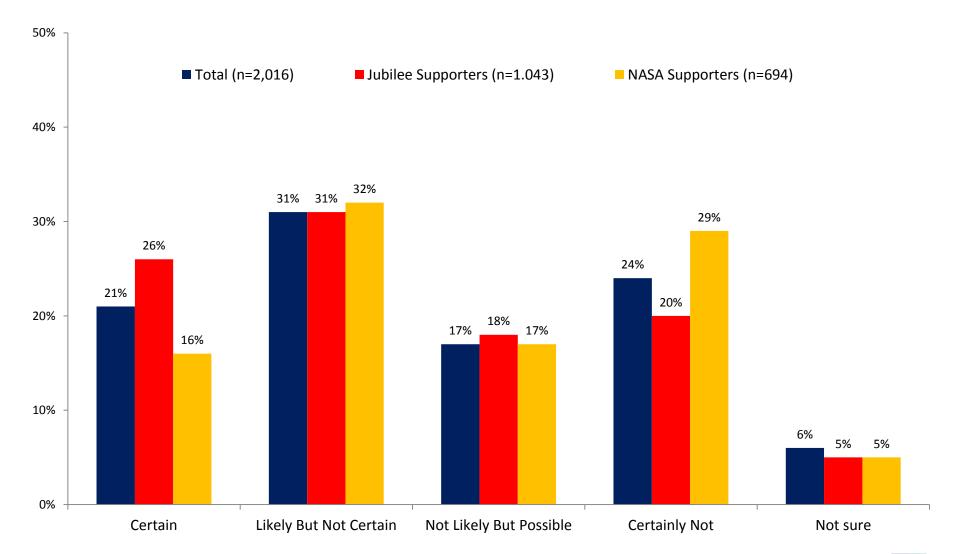


"Do you think the President is sincere in his efforts to reduce corruption?": by Total, Supporters of Main Political Parties/Coalitions

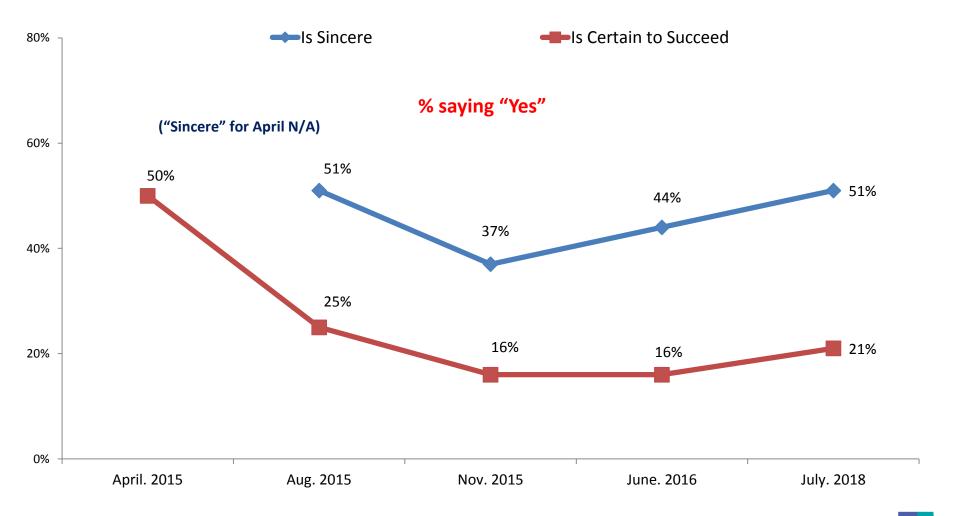




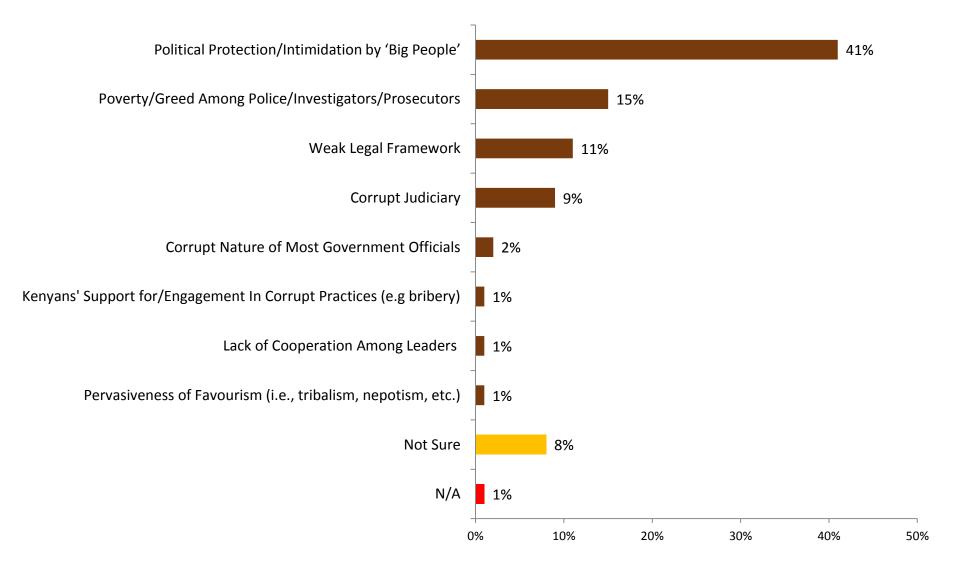
"How likely do you think it is that he will succeed in reducing corruption?": by Total, Supporters of Main Political Parties/Coalitions



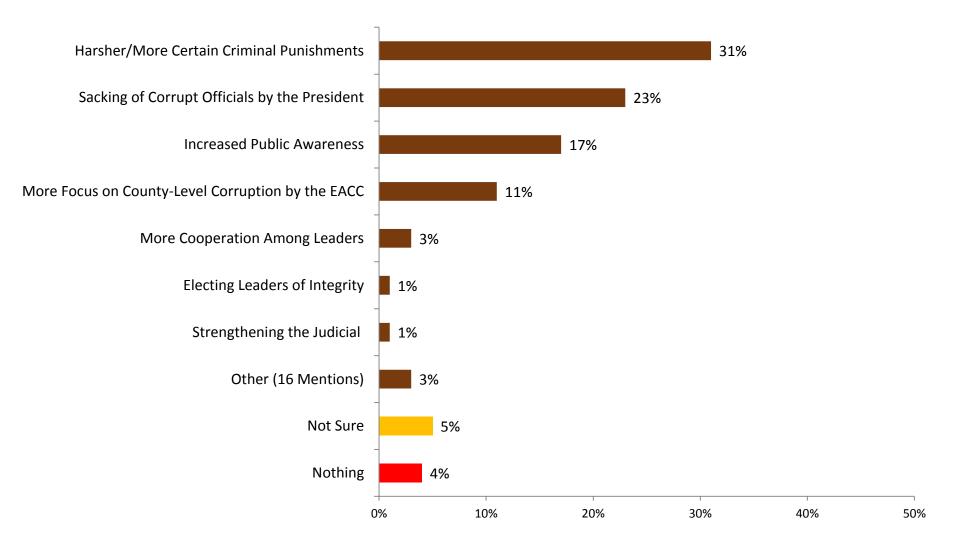
Perceived Sincerity of President in Fighting Corruption/Likelihood That He Will Succeed: Trend Analysis April 2015 – July 2018



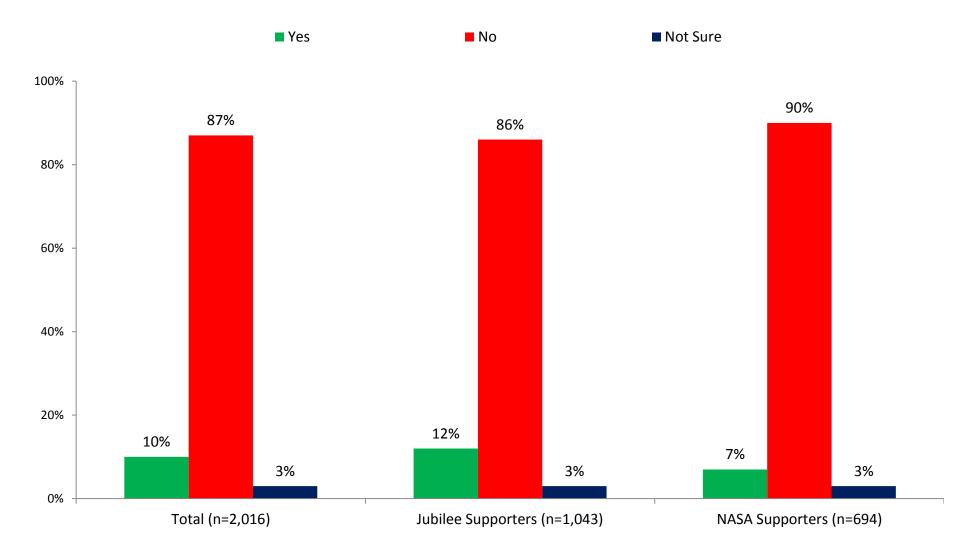
"What do you think is the main reason that anti-corruption efforts have not been very effective no far?" (Single Response, Unprompted): by Total



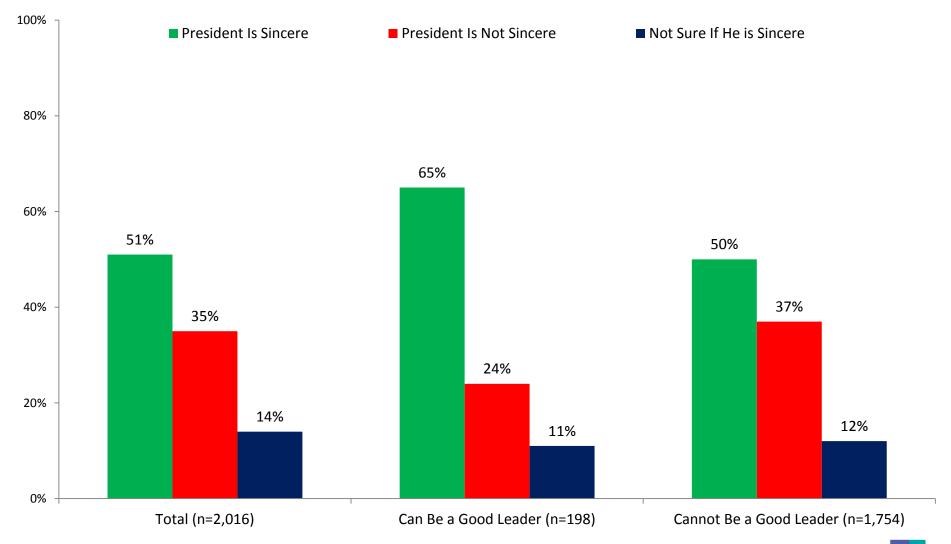
"What do you think is the main thing that could be done to reduce corruption?" (Single Response, Unprompted): by Total



"Do you think someone who is corrupt can still be a good leader?": by Total, Supporters of the Main Political Parties/Coalitions

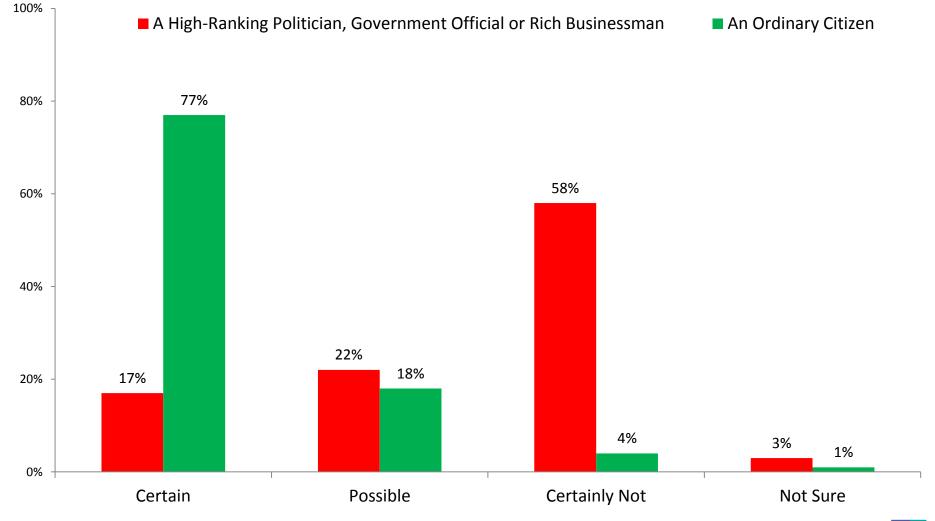


Belief that the President is/is Not Sincere in Fighting Corruption: by Total, Those Who Do/Do Not Believe that a Corrupt Person Can/Cannot Be a Good Leader



"How certain or likely do you think it is that each of the following would be convicted and punished if they committed a serious crime:

(a) a high-ranking person such as a senior politician or government official, or a rich businessman/(b) an ordinary citizen?": by Total



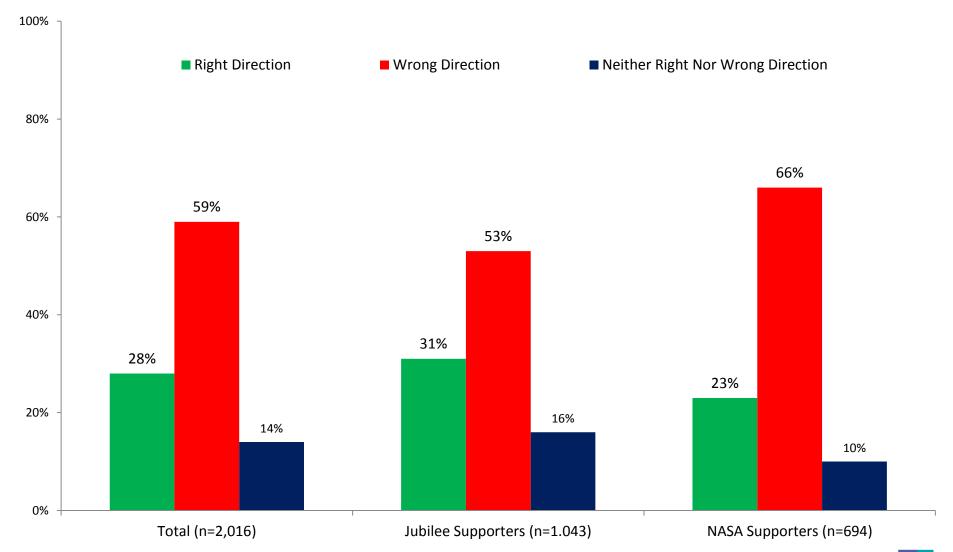


KENYA'S DIRECTION:

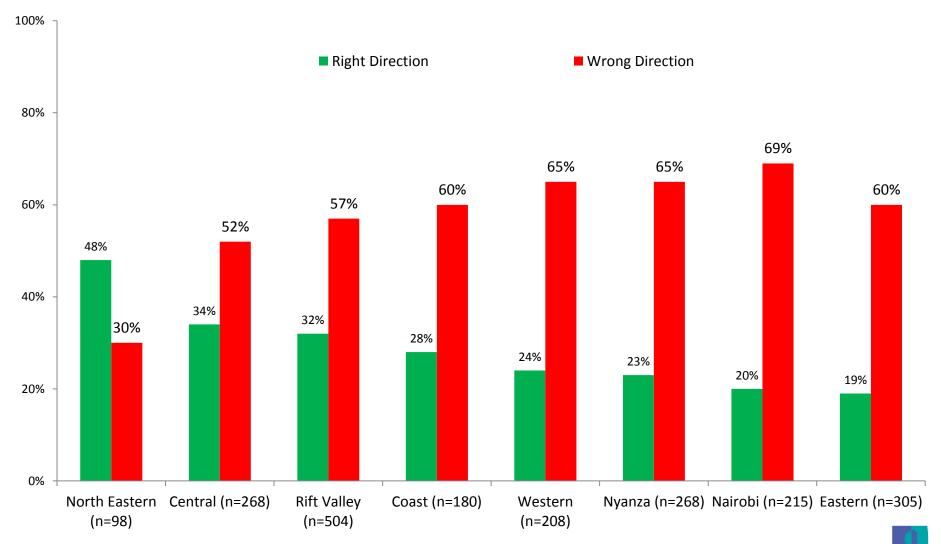
RIGHT OR WRONG?



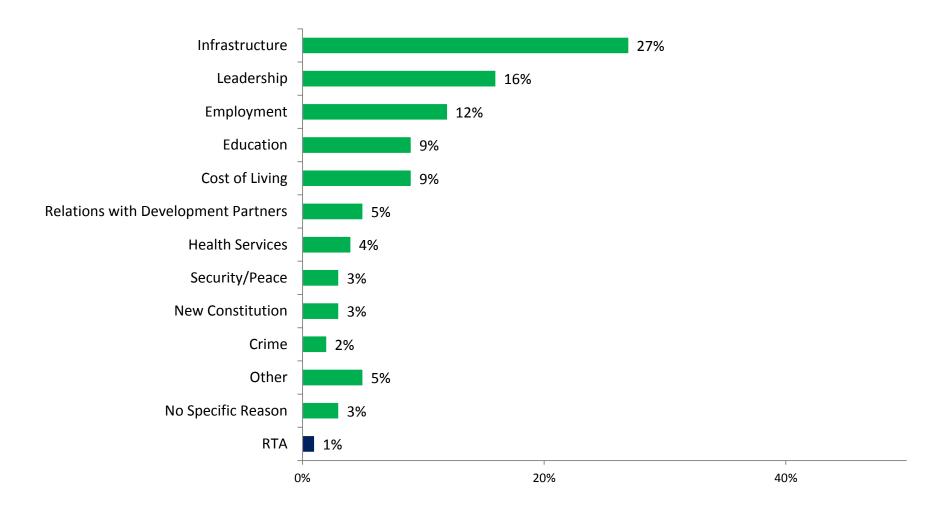
"In your opinion, are things in Kenya generally going in the right or the wrong direction?": by Total, Main Political Party/Coalition Alignment



"In your opinion, are things in Kenya generally going in the right or the wrong direction?" (Not shown: "Neither Right Nor Wrong", "Not Sure"): by Region



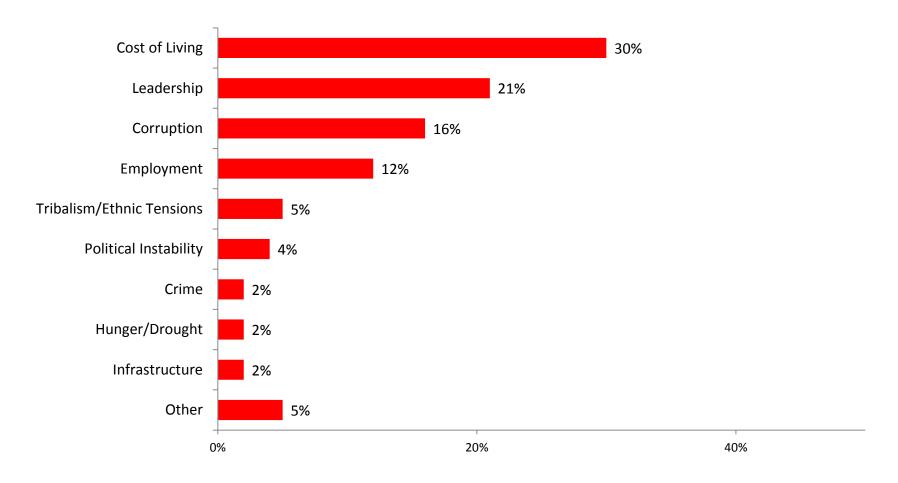
"What is the main reason you say so?": by the 28% Who Think Kenya is Going in the Right Direction (Single Response, Unprompted)



Base: (n=542)



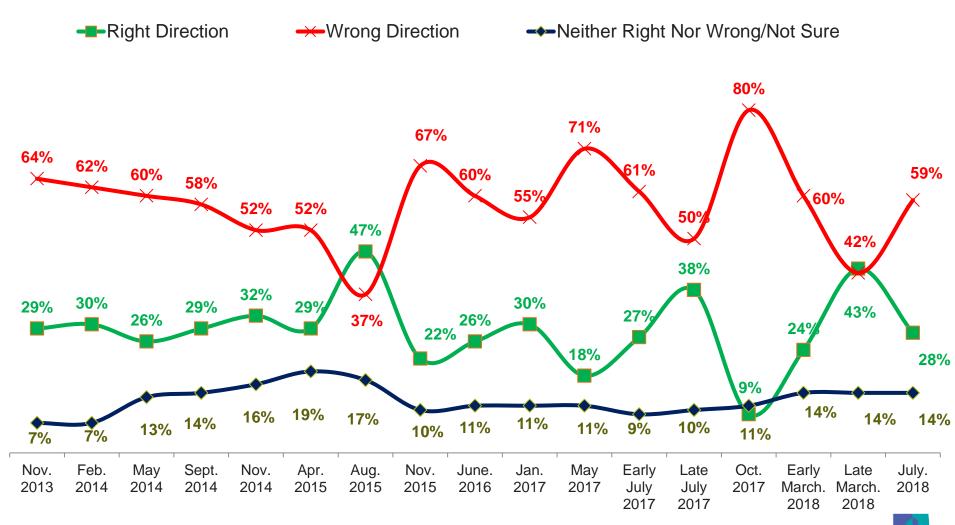
"What is the main reason you say so?": by The 59% Who Think Kenya is Going in the Wrong Direction (Single Response, Unprompted)



Base: (n=1,255)



"On the whole, thinking about Kenya today, are things generally going in the right or wrong direction?" – Trend Analysis: November 2013 – July 2018



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GAME CHANGERS

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